

# Adolygiad - 10/02/2017

## Gofyn Am Blant / Asking About Children

When we want to ask a question about children, we simply replace “**mae**” with “**oes**” in our construction. For example:

<u>Mae</u> gen i blant.	- I have children. (NW)
<u>Oes</u> gynnoch chi blant?	- Do you have children? <sup>1</sup>
<u>Mae</u> plant ‘da ni.	- We have children. (SW)
<u>Oes</u> plant ‘da chi?	- Do you have children?

When we are asked a question with “**oes**” in it, we answer with:

<b>Oes</b> - There are <sup>2</sup>	<b>Nac oes</b> - There are not.
-------------------------------------	---------------------------------

Here are some examples of “yes” and “no” when we’re asking about children:

<b>Oes gynnoch chi ferch?</b>	- Do you have a daughter?
<b>Oes, tair.</b>	- Yes, three.
<b>Oes meibion ‘da chi?</b>	- Do you have any sons?
<b>Nac oes, ond mae merch ‘da ni.</b>	- No, but we have a daughter.
<b>Oes gynnoch chi fab?</b>	- Do you have a son?
<b>Nac oes.</b>	- No.
<b>Oes plant ‘da chi?</b>	- Do you have any children?
<b>Oes, dau fab a dwy ferch.</b>	- Yes, two sons and two daughters.

---

<sup>1</sup> Literally, we are asking “Are there any children with you?”

<sup>2</sup> If we ask an “Are there” question, we would expect to answer “there are” or “there are not”

***Tasg:***      **Cyfieithwch y brawddegau a ganlyn / Translate the following sentences:**

1.      Do you have a son? Yes.
2.      Do you have a daughter? No.
3.      Do you have any daughters? Yes.
4.      Do you have any sons. No.
5.      Do you have any children? Yes.
6.      Do you have a child? No.